

Prevent risk assessment for schools

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Date Implemented: 7/2/2024

Date for review: 7/2/2025

A risk assessment is a core part of implementing the Prevent duty. All providers should read guidance from the department on how to complete a risk assessment and on safeguarding students vulnerable to radicalisation. Schools should assess the risk of children being drawn into terrorism, including support for extremist ideas that are part of terrorist ideology.

Providers may choose to have a specific separate risk assessment to better communicate to staff and document actions taken to mitigate any risks.

The purpose of the risk assessment is to have an awareness and understanding of the risk of radicalisation in your area and your institution. The type and scale of activity that will address the risk will vary but should be proportionate to the level of risk, type of provision, size and phase of education.

This is an internal document and should be reviewed annually, in line with Keeping Children Safe in Education requirements, or following a serious incident.

National Risks – risk of radicalisation generally

What national risks are you aware of that could impact to your area, setting, students or families? For example, online radicalisation

Risk 1	Risk 2	Risk 3	
The threat of terrorism	The extremism threat	Online radicalisation	

Local Risks – risk of radicalisation in your area and institution

What specific local risks are you aware of that could impact to your area, setting, students or families? E.g. local extremist activity (groups active in the area)

	Risk 1 AQ/IS inspired terrorism
	Terrorism inspired by AQ/ISIS is the dominant ideology investigated by Northamptonshire, at 61%. This remain comparable to the 2021/22 CTLP
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Risk 2 E	Extreme	Right	Wing	Terrorism.
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Extreme Right Wing (ERWT) is an ongoing issue in the Northamptonshire area, with 16% of this years investigations involving this thematic area. ERWT activity in the East Midlands is predominantly online. It often involves young people inspired by conspiracies and racist stereotypes about ethnic minorities, who believe that violent action to protect white people is justified

Risk 3 Online Extremism

with 35% of
Northamptonshire's investigations last year
involving the internet. This is a 2.5% increase
from the year before. Online radicalisation
features in a large proportion of local terrorism
investigations and is also the largest primary
radical influence on individuals referred to
Prevent.

The threat posed by Online Extremism is high,

Risk 4 Self-Initiated Terrorism

Self initiated terrorism is the greatest terrorist threat to the UK. It is likely that any attack in the UK will be conducted by a S-IT. S-ITs are potential terrorists who act alone and are difficult to identify. Islamist terrorist groups overseas, most notably Al-Qaeda and ISIL, continue to pose a threat from inspiring would be attackers through radicalisation.

Category	Risk	Hazard	Risk management	Rag	Further action needed	Lead office r	Date for completio n	Support available
Leadership	What is the risk here?	What are the hazards?	What has your institution put in place to ensure sufficient understanding and buy-in from Leadership?		What does your institution need to further action to address the identified risk(s)?			Prevent e-learning Home Office offer a free e-learning package on Prevent covering: - Prevent awareness - Prevent referrals - understanding Channel Users that complete this training will receive a certificate. https://www.support-people-vulnerable-to-radicalisation.service.gov.uk/
	The setting does not place sufficient priority to Prevent and risk assessment/action plans (or does not have one) and therefore actions to mitigate risks and meet the requirements of the Duty are not effective.	Leaders (including governors and trustees) within the organisation do not understand the requirements of the Prevent Statutory Duty or the risks faced by the organisation. The Duty is not managed or enabled at a sufficiently senior level.	All staff undergo prevent training as part of our rolling programme of CPD. All staff have completed the Prevent Channel Training Prevent duty training: Learn how to support people vulnerable to radicalisation. All staff have annual updated safeguarding training which contains staff's responsibilities under the Prevent Duty (2023		SLT and Prevent Lead to complete the first 2 DfE Prevent Training modules following the attached link: https://www.support-people-susceptible-to-radicalisation.service.gov.uk/p ortal	KD	Feb 2025	

Leaders do not	All governors have read	All governors to be provided		
have understanding	our child protection	with the link in order to		
and ultimate	policy and	complete online Prevent		
ownership of their	Keeping Children Safe in	training:		
internal	Education.	https://www.elearning.prev		
safeguarding	Risk assessment and	ent.homeoffice.gov.uk		
processes, nor	Prevent statement shared	ent.nomeojjice.gov.uk		
ensuring that all	in Governor's meeting &			
-	on website. Prevent lead			
staff have sufficient				
understanding and	has up to date training			
that staff	and knowledge of the			
implement the duty	issues around			
effectively.	radicalisation and prevent			
	strategies. All staff know			
	who the Prevent Lead is			
	and how to contact them			
	with concerns.			
	The Prevent Lead knows			
	how to contact Counter			
	Terrorism Policing (CTP)			
	Education Leads to			
	request further training			
	or advice.			
	The Prevent Lead and the			
	DSL team know how to			
	contact the CTP			
	Education Leads for			
	further support and know			
	how to make a referral.			
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Leaders do not	The Prevent Lead has	Staff CPD to be delivered face	Feb 2025	
communicate and	shared with staff the	to face		
promote the	potential signs and			
importance of the	indicators of			
duty.	radicalisation.			
Leaders do not	All staff have read and	Staff are aware of internal		
drive an effective	signed to say they have	SPoC for		
safeguarding	understood the Child	radicalisation/extremism		
culture across the	Protection/Safeguarding	concerns and enquiries. Utilise		
institution.	Policy and how to report	existing safeguarding		
mstitution.	concernsAll staff have	referral pathways.		
	received training to	rejerrai patriways.		
	record concerns using			
	CPOMS. All relevant			
	policies in place.			

Working in Partnership	The setting is not fully appraised of national and local risks, does not work with partners to safeguard children vulnerable to radicalisation, and does not have access to good practice advice, guidance or supportive peer networks.	The organisation does not establish effective partnerships with organisations such as the Local Authority and Police Prevent Team.	The providers has strong partnerships with: • Local Safeguarding Children's Partnership • DSL / headteacher forums • LADO • Community Safety Partnerships • Police Prevent Team • Channel panel • Child and family	Ensure Headteacher, DSLs and Prevent Lead receive the monthly Safeguarding in Education briefing bulletin via Debbie Carrie. To sign up for this newsletter, follow this link: http://eepurl.com/hNKJbv	Feb 2025	Outlines the requirements of the duty, including working in partnership with others. https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/prevent-duty-guidance/revised-prevent-duty-guidance-for-england-and-wales#c-a-risk-based-approach-to-the-prevent-duty Understanding channel An overview of channel support and the Prevent Multi-Agency Panels (PMAP). https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/channel-and-prevent-multi-agency-panel-pmap-guidance Sign-up for Educate Against Hate newsletter Latest news, blogs and resources to help teachers, school leaders and designated safeguarding leads protect students from radicalisation https://signup.es-mail.co.uk/Signup/da659377ec9fa9e8d40363308d4a84ac
Capabilities Staff training	Staff do not recognise signs of abuse or vulnerabilities and the risk of harm is not reported properly and promptly by staff.	Frontline staff including governors, do not understand what radicalisation means and why people may be vulnerable to being drawn into terrorism.	All staff undergo prevent training as part of our rolling programme of CPD.CPD updates for all staff in September.			Prevent e-learning Home Office offer a free e-learning package on Prevent covering: - Prevent awareness - Prevent referrals - understanding Channel Users that complete this training will receive a certificate. https://www.support-people-vulnerable-to-radicalisation.service.gov.uk/ Prevent resources, guidance and support The department's Educate Against Hate website provides a range of training and guidance materials.

		Frontline staff including governors, do not know what measures are available to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism and do not know how to obtain support for people who may be exploited by radicalising influences. Staff do not access Prevent training or refresher training.	All staff have completed the Prevent Channel Training Prevent duty training: Learn how to support people vulnerable to radicalisation Prevent duty training (support-people-vulnerable-to-radicalisation.service.gov. uk)			www.educateagainsthate.com
		Staff do not access Prevent training or refresher training.	All staff have annual updated safeguarding training which contains staff's responsibilities under the Prevent Duty as well as online module on Every platform			
Informatio n Sharing	Staff do not share information with relevant partners in a timely manner.	Staff do not feel confident sharing information with partners regarding radicalisation concerns.	We work and communicate with local safeguarding partners and other relevant agencies regarding concerns about extremism. The DSL/Prevent lead is aware of the process to contact other agencies and expedite concerns about extremism. Records of referrals are kept on CPOMS, and referrals are followed up appropriately.	Use of CPOMs to share concerns to continue.	Feb 2025	Resources to support information sharing The department has published guidance on making a Prevent referral. https://www.gov.uk/guidance/making-a-referral-to-prevent

		Staff are not aware of the Prevent referral process.	All staff to be able to report safeguarding concerns, including those of extremism and radicalisation through CPOMS.	All school staff, including support staff and admin staff to have regular safeguarding briefings, including the Prevent duty.	KD	Feb 2025	
Reducing Per	missive Environme	ents					
Building children's resilience to radicalisati on	Children and young people are exposed to intolerant or hateful narratives and lack understanding of the risks posed by terrorist organisations and extremist ideologies that underpin them.	The setting does not provide a safe space in which children and young people can understand and discuss sensitive topics, including terrorism and the extremist ideas that are part of terrorist ideology, and learn how to challenge these ideas.	Through PSHE/RE and other curriculum activities, pupils are able to explore political, religious and social issues. Pupils are taught about the diverse national, regional and ethnic identities in the UK and the need for mutual respect.		PSHE RE and SLT	Feb 2025	Resources for having difficult classroom conversations Educate Against Hate has a range of resources to help teachers conduct difficult conversations with students. The 'Let's Discuss' teaching packs have been developed to help facilitate conversations about topics such as fundamental British values, extreme right-wing terrorism and Islamist extremism. www.educateagainsthate.com www.educateagainsthate.com/category/teachers/classroom-resources www.educateagainsthate.com/category/teachers/classroom-resources/?filter=lets-discuss
		The setting does not teach a broad and balanced curriculum which promotes spiritual, moral, cultural mental and physical development of students and fundamental British values and community cohesion.	Opportunities to promote British values are clearly identified within all curriculum areas. Use of PSHE or RSE lessons for sensitive and supportive discussions on radical issues and extreme ideologies. Weekly assemblies reference British values	Review our current practices for promoting British values and consider where we could do more to embed these values into our curriculum.	PSHE lead SLT	Feb 2025	
		British values are not promoted outside of the classroom	Steps taken to promote British values around the school include: Pupils participate in democracy through school council and student leadership elections.	Audit PSHE and RE curriculum to ensure are taught about the diverse national, regional and ethnic identities in the UK	PSHE lead SLT	Feb 2025	

IT policies	Ineffective IT policies increases the likelihood of students and staff being drawn into extremist material and narratives online. Inappropriate internet use by students is not identified or followed up.	Students can access terrorist and extremist material when accessing the internet at the institution.	Assemblies promoting diversity, human rights, and respect. Celebrations from multiple religions and cultures are celebrated around the school Our online safety/IT/child protection policy makes reference to the risks of online extremist material. Pupils are encouraged to report any material they come across online which makes them worried or uncomfortable. IT safety and monitoring systems, for example: • The school IT network has appropriate filters to block sites deemed inappropriate or unsafe • School email accounts are monitored by IT staff	Review our online safety policy annually	IT lead DSLs	Web filtering and online safety The Department for Education have issued comprehensive guidance on how schools and colleges should be using filtering and monitoring standards, including specific measures to comply with the Prevent duty. https://www.gov.uk/guidance/meeting-digital-and-technology-standards-in-schools-and-colleges/filtering-and-monitoring-standards-for-schools-and-colleges Further guidance is available at https://saferinternet.org.uk/guide-and-resource/teachers-and-school-staff/appropriate-filtering-and-monitoring/appropriate-monitoring You can test whether your internet service provider removes
		Students may distribute extremist material using the institution IT system.	and SLT IT department ensure that there is a clear reporting process in place should filtering systems flag any safeguarding or Prevent- related concerns.			terrorist content at http://testfiltering.com/ The Joint Information Systems Committee (JISC) can provide specialist advice and support to the further and higher education sectors to help providers ensure students are safe online and appropriate safeguards are in place. Teach about online extremism The 'Going Too Far?' resource from Educate Against Hate and the London Grid for Learning to help teach students about staying safe online https://www.educateagainsthate.com/resources/going-too-far/
		Pupils access extremist material on their own devices or on social media, or are specifically targeted for online radicalisation	The ICT curriculum includes teaching pupils how to stay safe online. Parents are provided with support on how to help their children access the internet safely and spot the signs of online radicalisation.	Audit online safety and Safer Internet Day include content to relate to access to any extremist content	IT and SLT	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Visitors	External speakers or visitors being given a platform to radicalise children and young people or spread hateful or divisive narratives.	Leaders do not provide a safe space for children to learn.	Staff know to use recommendations and reviews from fellow professionals when looking for visitors. Access to school is denied to any group/organisations with links to extremist's organisations.			Political Impartiality Guidance When using external agencies, schools in England must be mindful of their existing duties regarding political impartiality and to ensure the balanced presentation of political issues. Guidance on this is available on GOV.UK. https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/political-impartiality-in-schools/political-impartiality-in-schools#the-law

<u> </u>	Settings do not	The school applies its				
	have clear	policy for volunteers and				
	protocols for	visitors to the school to				
	ensuring that any	ensure visitors are				
	visiting speakers	appropriately checked				
	are suitable and	before entering the				
	appropriately	school.				
	supervised.					
	The setting does	Visitor procedure	Review policies & procedures	SLT	Feb 2025	
	not conduct any	includes: All visitors to	regularly			
	due diligence	the school must be signed				
	checks on visitors	in at reception and wear				
	or the materials	ID badges.				
	they may use.	Visitors are accompanied around the school site by				
		a member of staff at all				
		times				